



—单词消消乐—

Module 4 Life in the future

Unit 1 Everyone will study at home.

(答案见 132 页)

知识基础练 / 掌握知识 夯实基础。

I. 根据句意及首字母提示完成单词

- Let's a _____ the policeman how to get to the train station.
—Good idea!
- In Sara's f _____ time, she enjoys reading children's storybooks.
- Do you know where Chuck is?
—No. M _____ he is in the science lab.
- Money isn't e _____, but it's important to everyone.
- Dear, it's time to go to bed.
—I know, Mum. But I n _____ to finish my geography homework.

II. 根据汉语意思完成句子

- 100 年后污染会减少。
There _____ less pollution in 100 years.
- 他不再是一个孩子了。
He _____ a child _____.
- 将来我想成为一名优秀的英语教师。
I want to be a good English teacher _____.
- 你在因特网上获取信息吗?
Do you _____ on the Internet?
- 这台新电脑将能为我做许多事情。
This new computer will _____ do many things for me.

能力提升练 / 综合运用 提升能力。

I. 单项填空

- In the future, robots will do lots of work. So people will have more _____ time.
A. busy B. free
C. same D. interesting
- My parents and I will go on a trip to Beijing _____ plane.
—Have a good time.
A. in B. on C. at D. by
- This box is too heavy, Tom. I can't _____ it.
—Don't worry! Let me help you.
A. carry B. take C. buy D. get
- Will there be more trees in the future?
—_____. Because people will plant more and

more trees.

- A. No, there won't B. Yes, there are
C. No, there aren't D. Yes, there will
- (2018 • 天津部分区期中) If you want to change the world, you have to _____ yourself first.
A. enjoy B. lose C. help D. change
- I'm sorry I can't go to the movies with you, because I have too much homework _____.
A. do B. to do C. doing D. did
- In the future, robots will _____ help people do many things, such as washing and cooking.
A. look forward to B. be ready to
C. be able to D. be good at
- Do you think Daming will have a big company?
—_____.
A. That's great B. Have a good time
C. See you then D. I am not sure

II. 用所给词的适当形式填空

- In five _____ (year) time, we'll go to college (大学).
- You can answer the questions by _____ (ask) others.
- They _____ (meet) here in an hour.
- My mother asks me not _____ (read) in bed.
- Tom needs _____ (get) up early tomorrow.

中考达标练 / 体验中考 模拟实战。

单项填空

- (2019 • 天津滨海新区期末) Jim wants to be _____ basketball player in _____ future.
A. a; a B. an; the C. an; a D. a; the
- (2019 • 天津蓟州区期中) —Will you send your homework _____ the teacher _____ email?
—Yes, I will.
A. for; by B. at; with C. to; by D. by; to
- (2019 • 天津和平区期中) Mr Li looks tired. I think he needs _____ some sleep.
A. get B. gets C. to get D. getting
- (2019 • 天津武清区期中) My mother _____ me a nice present tomorrow.
A. give B. gives
C. giving D. will give
- (2018 • 重庆中考 A 卷) It was raining. My father asked me _____ a raincoat.
A. take B. takes C. took D. to take

答案全析全解

Unit 1

知识 基础练

- ask 句意：“咱们问问警察怎样到达火车站吧。”“好主意！”ask 意为“问”；let's 后跟动词原形。
- free in one's free time 意为“在某人的空余时间”。
- Maybe 由问句“你知道 Chuck 在哪儿吗？”和答语中“No.”推知，空格所在句意为“也许它在科学实验室”。由首字母 M 知应用 Maybe 表示“也许”。
- everything 句意：金钱不是万能的，但它对每个人都很重要。故填 everything，意为“任何事物”。
- need 由上文句意“亲爱的，到睡觉时间了”及答语前句句意“我知道，妈妈”及表示转折的 but 知此句应说明不睡觉的原因，意为“但是我需要完成我的地理作业”。need 意为“需要”。
- will be 由 in 100 years 可知本句为一般将来时；there be 句型的一般将来时为 there will be 或 there is/are going to be，由所给空格可知填 will be。
- isn't, any more not...any more 意为“不再……”。
- in the future in the future 意为“在将来”。
- get information get information 意为“获取信息”。
- be able to be able to 意为“能够”。

能力 提升练

- B busy“忙碌的”；free“空闲的”；same“相同的”；interesting“有趣的”。由题意“将来，机器人将会做很多工作。因此，人们将会有更多的_____时间”可知，free 符合题意。
- D by plane 意为“乘坐飞机”，为固定短语。
- A carry“搬，拿，带”；take“带走”；buy“买”；get“得到”。由前一句“汤姆，这个箱子太重了”和下文“别担心！让我来帮你”可知，空格句表示“我搬不动它”，应用 carry。
- D 问句以 will 开头，答语也要用 will，排除 B、C 两项。由问句句意“将来会有更多的树吗？”和答语后句“因为人们将种越来越多的树”可知，此处应该是肯定回答，故选 D。
- D enjoy“喜欢，享受……的乐趣”；lose“丢失”；help“帮助”；change“改变”。由从句句意“如果你想改变世界”可推知，主句句意为“你必须先改变自己”，故选 D。
- B 结合选项可知，句意为“很抱歉，我不能和你一起去看电

影，因为我有太多家庭作业要做”。由句意可知，此处应用动词不定式作后置定语，修饰 homework，故选 B。

- C look forward to 意为“盼望”，后跟 v. -ing 形式；be ready to do sth. 意为“准备做某事，乐意做某事”；be able to do sth. 意为“能够做某事”；be good at 意为“擅长”，后跟 v. -ing 形式。由题干中空格后是动词原形 help 可排除 A、D 两项，再由句意“将来，机器人将_____帮助人们做很多事情，如洗衣和做饭”可知，C 项符合题意。
- D A 项意为“那太好了”；B 项意为“玩得开心”；C 项意为“再见”；D 项意为“我不确定”。由问句句意“你认为大明将会拥有一家大公司吗？”可知，应用 D 项作答。
- years' five 后应用 year 的复数形式 years；且此处修饰名词 time，应用 years 的名词所有格形式 years'。
- asking 此处 by 为介词，意为“通过，靠”，后接动词时应用 v. -ing 形式。
- will meet in an hour 意为“一个小时之后”。“in + 一段时间”常用于一般将来时，故填 will meet。
- to read ask sb. not to do sth. 意为“要求某人不要做某事”。
- to get 由 needs 为第三人称单数形式知，此处 need 为实义动词，后面跟动词不定式，need to do sth. 意为“需要做某事”。

中考 达标练

- D 句意：将来吉姆想要成为一名篮球运动员。第一个空应用不定冠词表示泛指，basketball 的读音以辅音音素开头，故前面不定冠词用 a；in the future“将来”，为固定短语。
- C send sth. to sb. “把某物发送给某人”，by email“通过电子邮件”，两者都为固定搭配。
- C 句意为“李先生看起来很累，我想他需要睡一会”。表示“需要做某事”用 need to do sth.，故选 C。
- D 由句中时间状语 tomorrow（明天）可知，句子应用一般将来时，谓语用“will + 动词原形”或“be going to + 动词原形”，故选 D。
- D ask sb. to do sth. 为固定搭配，意为“要求某人做某事”，动词不定式（短语）作宾语补足语。故选 D。

