

期末 全练全测

时间: 120 分钟

分值: 120 分

得分 _____

人机对话 (30 分)

第一节 交际问答 (5 分)

根据听到的句子, 说出相应的答语。你将有 10 秒钟的答题时间。共 5 个句子。每个句子读一遍。



—英语听力—

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| () 1. A. That's true. | B. It doesn't matter. | C. You're welcome. |
| () 2. A. Don't you think so? | B. Don't mention it. | C. Yes, I think so. |
| () 3. A. From 8:00 to 12:00. | B. They won first prize. | C. My pleasure. |
| () 4. A. Why not? | B. I'll take it. | C. That's true. |
| () 5. A. What's wrong? | B. I'm sorry to hear that. | C. With pleasure. |

第二节 朗读短文 (5 分)

你有 10 秒钟的准备时间。当听到提示音或看到屏幕下方“录音中”的提示时, 开始朗读。

My children are growing up fast. My daughter is 16 and my boy is already in junior high school. As they get bigger our house seems to get smaller. So we want to sell some of our things in a yard sale and give the money to a children's home. We have already cleared out a lot of things from our bedrooms. We have decided to each sell five things that we no longer use. My son was quite sad at first. Although he has not played with his old toys for a long time, he still wanted to keep them. For example, he has owned a train and railway set since his fourth birthday, and he played with it almost every week until he was about seven. And he didn't want to lose his toy monkey, either. He slept next to the monkey every night when he was a child.






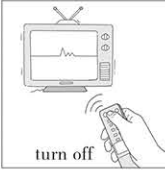
第三节 话题表达 (5 分)

根据所提问题和提示要求用英语进行表达。你有 90 秒钟的准备时间。当听到提示音或看到屏幕下方“录音中”的提示时, 开始作答。

Do you like sports? Why or why not? (说出至少两个理由)

第四节 对话理解 (5 分)

听对话和问题, 选择正确答案。对话和问题读两遍。你将有 10 秒钟的时间完成有关小题和阅读下一小题。

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| () 1.  | B.  | C.  |
| () 2.  | B.  | C.  |
| () 3. A. When people cut in line. | B. When people smoke. | |
| C. When people throw rubbish around. | | |
| () 4. A. His clothes were dirty. | B. His bike was stolen. | C. His bike broke down. |
| () 5. A. Interesting. | B. Terrible. | C. Exciting. |

第五节 短文理解(10分)

听下面一段独白,完成下列任务。

A. 听第一遍短文,将下面的信息按照听到的顺序排序。你将有 15 秒钟的时间阅读下面的内容。

- A. ran out of water
- B. no food and no fresh water
- C. a fishing boat found them
- D. went to catch fish by boat
- E. got on a fishing ship

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

B. 再听录音。根据录音选择最佳答案。你将有 15 秒钟的时间阅读下面的内容。短文将再读两遍。

- () 6. Joe went to catch fish with other fishermen on _____, 1928.
A. January 4th B. July 24th C. January 24th
- () 7. They met a terrible _____.
A. snow B. storm C. rain
- () 8. There was no food so they had to eat _____.
A. water B. fish C. fruit
- () 9. In _____ they ran out of water.
A. March B. April C. June
- () 10. A _____ found them and saved them.
A. car B. fishman C. fishing boat

笔试(90分)

第 I 卷(满分 30 分)

I. 单项选择(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

从每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

- () 1. The boys made _____ mess of the house when their parents went out.
A. a B. an C. the D. /
- () 2. By the time I got to the bus stop, I realized I _____ my school ID card at school.
A. left B. have left C. had left D. was leaving
- () 3. All passengers _____ go through safety check before they take a plane.
A. can B. must C. may D. need
- () 4. —Why do you look down, Jack?
—Everyone _____ me got an invitation to Lucy's party.
A. beside B. without C. besides D. except
- () 5. I still remember _____ the first English class in middle school.
A. have B. to have C. having D. had
- () 6. David felt very happy. _____, it was the first time to have a party in our class for him.
A. At least B. After all C. At once D. At all
- () 7. —Which would you like, tea or coffee?
—_____. Just some water, please.
A. All B. Both C. Neither D. Either
- () 8. —Are your shirts made _____ cotton?
—Yes, and they are made _____ China.
A. by; in B. of; in C. with; by D. from; with

- () 9. I think _____ necessary _____ us to do something useful to protect the birds.
A. that; for B. it; of C. that; of D. it; for
- () 10. —Do you know the man _____ came here yesterday?
—Yes, he brought me the most interesting book _____ I had wanted to buy.
A. who; which B. who; that C. whom; which D. what; that
- () 11. —Your new dress is very fashionable.
—_____.
A. Much better than yours B. Yes, of course it's very good
C. It's very kind of you to say so D. No, you are totally wrong
- () 12. The number of the volunteers in our club _____ become larger and larger.
A. has B. have C. is D. are
- () 13. In our city, _____ middle school students want to work as teachers in the future.
A. thousand B. thousand of
C. thousands of D. two thousand of
- () 14. —When is my flight to India?
—Your plane will _____ in an hour.
A. get off B. take off C. put off D. fall off
- () 15. —Didn't he tell you _____?
—No, he didn't. He wasn't in at that time.
A. where we could find a bank B. when will the movie star come
C. why he will go to Shanghai D. how could we get to the museum

II. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下列短文, 做出正误判断或选出最佳选项。A 篇为判断正(A)误(B)题, B、C 篇为选择题。

A

Family traditions are special habits or customs that your family have. For example, in the family of Bill Gates, his parents keep the tradition of reading with children. And what's the tradition in your family?

Nick, 15, England

On every family member's birthday, we give him or her a surprise. Last Sunday, it was my mother's birthday. And I knew that she wanted to see a film. So I bought a ticket without telling her first. This made her really happy.

Jack, 15, Cuba

Every weekend, my parents and I go to my grandparents' home. My grandparents cook delicious food. I meet all my cousins. We talk about interesting things happened at school. Sometimes, my parents also join us to play games.

Yu Xin, 14, China

During every summer or winter holiday, we have a family trip across the country. I'm always the one who chooses where to go. We have visited Qingdao, Xiamen and Beijing. I enjoy the trips.

- () 16. The family of Bill Gates keeps the tradition of singing with children.
- () 17. Jack bought a film ticket for his mother.
- () 18. Jack's parents cook food when the family get together.
- () 19. Yu Xin has visited some places EXCEPT Hangzhou.
- () 20. The three children are talking about their family traditions.



9:00 am–4:00 pm, Sunday, May 20th 2018

Bees are now in danger and its number is going down every year largely because of human activity, while a third of the world's food production depends on this yellow and black insect (昆虫) and other pollinators (传授花粉者).

May 20th this year is the first World Bee Day. It was created last year by the UN, after Slovenia put forward the idea, to draw people's attention to the important role of bees and other pollinators in keeping the planet healthy.

A day for all those who are interested in learning to improve the quality (质量) of their bees!
A day also for those who want to know more about bee keeping!

Bring your family with you and have fun! Let's celebrate everything connected with bees and the coming of spring!

Activities for the whole family:

talks on bees/bee products for sale/wax (蜡) & candle-making lessons

Bee Communication:

Dr Gavin Ramsay will explain the dances of bees, telling you about what smart behaviors bees have.

Cleaning beeswax & candle-making: Classes will be given by Kate Black.

Café: Lunch and tea/coffee/cakes are available at the café.

These activities are held by BIPC, the Bee Improvement Program for Cornwall.

Tickets are \$ 8 for members of BIPC and \$ 10 for non-members. Half price for a child.

All the money will go to the City Bee Protection Project.

Book your place by emailing bengreen@hotmail.com.



- () 21. The danger that bees are facing is caused by _____.
A. beekeepers B. food production
C. human activity D. other pollinators
- () 22. The World Bee Day was created _____.
A. to advise people to keep healthy B. to help beekeepers sell more bee products
C. to celebrate the coming of spring D. to make people know the importance of bees
- () 23. During the activities, you can learn all the following **EXCEPT** _____.
A. to make a candle B. to improve the quality of bees
C. to make tea and coffee D. to understand the dances of bees
- () 24. Bill, a member of BIPC, and his 5-year-old son will pay _____ for tickets to the activities.
A. 10 dollars B. 12 dollars
C. 16 dollars D. 18 dollars

- () 25. The money from the sales of tickets _____.
 A. will be used to protect bees B. will make BIPC very rich
 C. will be given to beekeepers D. will be spent on the celebrations

C

We all know that many inventions have changed our life a lot. They play important roles in our daily life. Here are some interesting inventions.

<p>Morpher</p> <p>People refuse to wear helmets because they're thick and heavy. Morpher is a bike helmet made of plastic. It is just as strong as traditional helmets, but it can be folded almost completely flat, making it easier to carry. Morpher may be available for sale in stores in the near future.</p>	<p>HyperAdapt</p> <p>Have you ever seen the movie <i>Back to the Future</i>? Maybe everyone wants the pair of shoes in the movie that can tighten or loosen by themselves. Now, thanks to the Shoe Factory, the dream is realized. When you push a <u>button</u> on the shoe, HyperAdapt can tighten or loosen around the feet.</p>
<p>Flyte</p> <p>Flyte is a light bulb that can float (漂浮) and turn. Flyte has been popular with most people since it came out in January. The company also introduced a lot of similar products, including a planter, Lyfe, which came out in June.</p>	<p>Little Printer</p> <p>It looks lovely and is called Little Printer. This machine can print news headlines (摘要), riddles and other things on a roll (卷) of paper. If you want to make your own little newspaper, don't forget to use it.</p>

- () 26. Morpher is made of _____.
 A. steel B. plastic C. gold D. wood
- () 27. What's the main use of the Little Printer?
 A. To protect our heads more safely. B. To tighten or loosen by themselves around the feet.
 C. To float and turn in the water. D. To print news headlines, riddles and other things.
- () 28. The underlined word "button" means _____ in Chinese.
 A. 按钮 B. 门铃 C. 电梯 D. 键盘
- () 29. What kind of invention can float in the passage?
 A. Morpher. B. Little Printer.
 C. Flyte. D. HyperAdapt.
- () 30. Which of the following is WRONG according to the passage?
 A. Maybe everyone wants the pair of shoes in the movie *Back to the Future*.
 B. You can make your own little newspaper with the Little Printer.
 C. Flyte has been popular with most people since it came out in February.
 D. Morpher can be folded almost completely flat, making it easier to carry.

第 II 卷 (满分 60 分)

III. 综合填空 (共 20 小题; A 每小题 2 分, B、C 每小题 1 分, 满分 25 分)

A. 用所给词的适当形式填空。每词限用一次。(10 分)

reflect, behave, clean, drive, leave

31. I don't believe these people _____ in this way in the future.
 32. I _____ off the writing in chalk and now the blackboard is very clean.
 33. We _____ out the possibility of his coming for the party and he was very angry.
 34. Their actions can clearly _____ their thoughts.
 35. What he did and said often _____ his parents crazy when he was a school boy.

B. 根据句意和所给汉语完成句子。每空一词。(5分)

36. Have _____ (勇气) and ask. Face the challenges bravely.

37. In Colombia people are more _____ (自在的) about time than people in Switzerland.

38. The office is open every day _____ (除……以外) Sundays.

39. Many teenagers like _____ (电子的) music because they think it makes them excited.

40. It is the beginning of a beautiful _____ (友谊).

C. 选择恰当的单词填空。每词限用一次。(有两个多余的选项)(10分)

find, books, big, how, mind, cleverest, swim, school, always, name, where, seldom

Many years ago, there was a family named Franklin. They lived in Boston. There were five girls and six boys in the family. On a January day in 1706 another baby was born. The boy's mother and her husband gave the boy a 41 —Benjamin.

Benjamin was the 42 of all the children. He could read when he was five and he could write when he was seven. The next year his parents sent him to 43.

At school Benjamin was good at reading and writing, but not good at maths. He read all of his father's 44. And when he had money, he 45 went to buy books. He liked books. They told him 46 to do something. The boy liked to use his head and tried to 47 ways to help people enjoy life more. For example, he tried to know if there was some way to 48 farther, maybe with something on his hands or feet. Slowly a picture of swimming shoes, or paddles, grew in his 49. The paddles must be neither too 50 nor too small. And they must be neither too heavy nor too light. At last he invented the paddle for swimming.

41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. _____

46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____ 49. _____ 50. _____

IV. 阅读表达(共10小题,满分20分)

A

阅读下面短文,完成51至55题。(满分10分)

Dear Principal,

I have been doing a project at school recently about animals in danger. I think the situation all over the world is really awful. I am writing to you to suggest what we should do to help protect animals more.

I know that there are many nature reserves (保护区) in China, which is good. We visited one of them last month.

I feel so sorry for the giant panda. It's one of the most popular animals in the world and a real symbol of China. We have learned that pandas mainly live on bamboo, and that a panda can eat half its body's weight of bamboo in 24 hours! That's a lot of bamboo. I think we should try to do more to stop cutting down their forests. Pandas are already a rare animal and it would be so sad if they became extinct (灭绝的) forever.



Another animal we should try to protect more is the Chinese alligator (扬子鳄). These creatures live in some parts of eastern China. They are in fresh water rivers and lakes but the water in some places isn't clean enough for them to live in. It's really dirty in fact. The government should stop factories from polluting the lakes and rivers.



If we protect these beautiful animals in China, more people may wish to visit China to see them. They could be important tourist attractions. It would be good if more people came to visit our beautiful country, especially to see the quieter areas in the country. Now most visitors just see the cities.

I hope you will encourage more people to think about such an important subject.

Sincerely yours,

Huang Jing

51. 请选择文中划线单词 *creatures* 的含义: _____ (2分)

A. 植物

B. 动物

C. 工具

判断正(A)误(B)。(4分)

() 52. A panda can eat half its body's weight of bamboo in 24 hours.

() 53. All the water is clean enough for Chinese alligators to live in.

回答问题。

54. What's Huang Jing's project at school about? (2分)

It's about _____.

55. What animals did Huang Jing talk about in her letter? (2分)

B

阅读下面短文,完成56至60题。(满分10分)

(2017·山东青岛市南区一模)

What do your dreams mean?

Have you ever found yourself doing an exam in the middle of the sea with your favorite film star? Don't worry, it's only a dream! But what do your dreams say about you? Here is a fun ① _____. Read on to see...

Being ② *chased*

If you dream someone is trying to catch you, you are worried about something in the future that you don't feel ready for yet.

Being *locked in*

If you dream that you are in a room and you can't get out, you may be feeling uncomfortable in a relationship—maybe with a parent, a friend or a cousin. You can't be yourself in this relationship and want to get out of the situation.

Teeth *falling out*

You might be shy or you might think you're a ③ loser. Something is troubling you.

Being *laughed at*

If this is your dream, don't take yourself so seriously. Learn to laugh more at yourself!

Finding *money*

You are looking for something! If you dream you find coins, this means you will find success in real life.

Flying

This is a wonderful dream to have. It means you are rising above your worries and troubles. You feel free!

④ It is, however, important to remember that different people have different dreams. Dreams have different meanings to different people.

将正确选项的字母代号填写在题前括号内:(2分)

() 56. Here is a fun ① _____.

A. suggestion

B. guide

C. story

D. news

57. 用英语解释。(2分)

② chase: _____



答案全析全解

期末全练全测

人机对话

- 第一节 1. B. It doesn't matter. 2. C. Yes, I think so.
3. B. They won first prize. 4. A. Why not? 5. C. With pleasure.

第二节 略

第三节 参考范文

Yes, I like sports very much. First, I think playing sports is fun. And it gives people chances to make new friends. Second, It's good for my health, too. Third, I think playing sports is a good way to relax myself. After a long day of schoolwork, I always feel tired. But after I play sports, I always feel relaxed. So I like sports very much.

That's all.

第四节 1~5 ABCCB

第五节 1~5 EDBAC 6~10 CBBAC

笔试

1. A make a mess 为固定短语,意为“弄得一团糟”。
2. C 句意:到达公共汽车站时,我意识到我把学生证忘在了学校。由句意可知,“把学生证忘在学校”发生在 realized 之前,故表示“过去的过去”,要用过去完成时,故选 C。
3. B can“能,可以”,表示能力或允许;must“必须,必定”;may“可以,可能”;need“需要”。结合常识可知,句意为“所有的乘客在乘飞机之前必须通过安全检查”。故 B 项符合语境。
4. D beside“在……旁边”;without“没有”;besides“除了……(包含在内)”;except“除了……(不包含在内)”。由上文“杰克,你为什么看上去不高兴?”可知,下文意为“除了我之外每个人都收到了露西晚会的邀请”。此处指“我”不包含在内,故选 D。
5. C remember to do sth. 意为“记得去做某事”;remember doing sth. 意为“记得做过某事”。由句意“我还记得在中学上的第一节英语课”可知,这节英语课已经上完了,故选 C。
6. B at least“至少”;after all“毕竟”;at once“立刻”;at all 需与 not 连用。由句意“戴维感到非常高兴, _____, 这是第

一次在我们班为他举行晚会”可知选 B。

7. C all“所有的”,指三者或三者以上的事物或人;both“两者都”;neither“两者都不”;either“(两者之中)任何一个”。由问句句意“茶和咖啡,你想喝哪个?”以及答语第二句句意“请(给我)来些水就行”可知,茶和咖啡两者都不要,故用 neither,选 C。
8. B be made of 和 be made from 都可表示“由……制成”。“be made of + 原材料”指从制成品中能看出原材料;“be made from + 原材料”指从制成品中看不出原材料;“be made by + 制造者”意为“被……制造”;“be made in + 产地”意为“在某地制造”。第一个空后的 cotton 是原材料,故用介词 of 或 from,第二个空后的 China 是地点,故用介词 in,由此可知选 B。
9. D “think it + 形容词 + for sb. to do sth.”为固定搭配,其中 it 为形式宾语,不定式短语 to do sth. 作真正的宾语,故选 D。
10. B 分析句子结构可知,此处问句和答语都是含有定语从句的复合句。问句中定语从句的先行词为 the man,指人,故用关系代词 who 或 whom;who 在从句中可作主语或宾语,whom 在从句中只能作宾语,而此处关系代词代替先行词在从句中作主语,故用 who。答语中定语从句的先行词 book 前有最高级修饰,应用关系代词 that,故选 B。
11. C 上文意为“你的新连衣裙很时尚”,是表示夸奖的语言,在英语中,对于别人表示夸奖、祝福等话语的回答都用 thank you 或其他表示感谢的表达。A 项意为“比你的好得多”;B 项意为“是的,它当然很好”;C 项意为“你能这样说真是太好了”;D 项意为“不,你完全错了”。故 C 项符合语境。
12. A “the number of + 名词”意为“……的数量”,在句中作主语时,谓动词用单数,故排除 B、D 两项;由空后的 become 可知助动词应用 has。
13. C thousand 前有具体数字修饰时,要用单数,且不能与 of 连用,故排除 D 项;thousand 前没有具体数字修饰时,要用复数,且与 of 连用,意为“数以千计的,成千上万的”,故选 C。





答案全析全解

期末全练全测

14. B 句意:“我去印度的航班是在什么时候?”“您(乘坐)的飞机将在一个小时之后_____。”get off “下(车、马等)” ; take off “起飞”; put off “推迟”; fall off “从……落下”。结合句意可知选 B。

15. A 分析句子结构可知,此处考查宾语从句。宾语从句要用陈述语序,故排除 B、D 两项;由主句为一般过去时可知,从句也要用过去的某种时态,故 C 项错误,选 A。

语篇解读:本文是一篇说明文,文章介绍了来自不同国家的孩子们的家庭传统。

16. B 由第一段第二句“... in the family of Bill Gates, his parents keep the tradition of reading with children.”可知,Bill Gates 家保持了和孩子一起阅读的传统。故 singing 错误。

17. B 由第二段第三、四句“... she wanted to see a film. So I bought a ticket...”可知,Nick 为他的妈妈买了一张电影票。故此句错误。

18. B 由倒数第二段第二句“My grandparents cook delicious food.”可知家庭聚会时,做饭的是 Jack 的祖父母,不是父母。故此句错误。

19. A 由最后一段倒数第二句“We have visited Qingdao, Xiamen and Beijing.”可知,Yu Xin 没有去过杭州。

20. A 由文章第一段和文中三个人所说内容可知,他们谈论的是各自的家庭传统。

语篇解读:由于人类的活动,蜜蜂的处境很危险,数量锐减。为了保护蜜蜂和其他的授粉花粉者,BIPC 邀请养蜂人参加“世界蜜蜂日”活动,与会者可参与制作蜡烛等活动。BIPC 成员每人交 8 美元,非 BIPC 成员每人交 10 美元,孩子减半。活动所得收入将用于蜜蜂的保护。

21. C 根据第一段“Bees are now in danger and its number is going down every year largely because of human activity...”可知蜜蜂面临危险是因为人类活动,故选 C。

22. D 根据第二段第二句“It was created last year by the UN, after Slovenia put forward the idea, to draw people's attention to the important role of bees and other pollinators in keeping the planet healthy.”(在斯洛文尼亚提出这一想法后,它于去年由

联合国创立,目的是引起人们对蜜蜂和其他授粉者在保持地球健康方面重要作用的关注)可知“世界蜜蜂日”的创立目的是让人们了解蜜蜂的重要性。故选 D。

23. C 由 Activities for the whole family 中的 candle-making lessons 可知 A 项 to make a candle 是活动内容;由第三段第一句“A day for all those who are interested in learning to improve the quality of their bees!”可知 B 项是活动内容;由“Café: Lunch and tea/coffee/cakes are available at the café.”可知与会者可享用咖啡厅提供的茶和咖啡,而不是制作茶和咖啡,所以 C 项 to make tea and coffee 不是活动内容;由 Bee Communication 中“Dr Gavin Ramsay will explain the dances of bees...”可知 D 项是活动内容。故选 C。

24. B 根据文中“Tickets are \$ 8 for members of BIPC and \$ 10 for non-members. Half price for a child.”可知,一个 BIPC 的会员需要付 8 美元的费用,他 5 岁的儿子减半,需付 4 美元。 $8 \div 2 = 4$,故选 B。

25. A 由短文倒数第二句“All the money will go to the City Bee Protection Project.”中的特定信息 go to the City Bee Protection Project 可知,所有的钱都会捐给城市蜜蜂保护项目,而这个项目是为了保护蜜蜂,故选 A。

语篇解读:许多发明在我们的生活中起着重要的作用,极大地改变了我们的生活。本文介绍了四项有趣的发明:Morpher (可折叠的自行车头盔),HyperAdapt (能自动调节松紧的鞋子),Flyte (能漂浮和旋转的灯泡)和 Little Printer (迷你打印机)。

26. B 由对 Morpher 的介绍中的第二句“Morpher is a bike helmet made of plastic.”可知,Morpher 是用塑料制成的。故选 B。

27. D 由对 Little Printer 的介绍中的第二句“This machine can print news headlines, riddles and other things on a roll of paper.”可知,Little Printer 的主要用途是打印新闻摘要、谜语和其他东西。故选 D。

28. A 本段介绍了能自动调节松紧的鞋子。划线单词所在句意





答案全析全解

期末全练全测

- 为“当你按下鞋上的一个_____时,HyperAdapt 能在脚的四周收紧或松弛”。结合生活常识可知,自动调节松紧应该是通过一个“按钮”来实现的,因此 button 的汉语意思是“按钮”。故选 A。
29. C 由题干中的关键词 float 可定位到 Flyte 这项发明的第一句“Flyte is a light bulb that can float and turn. (Flyte 是一个能漂浮和旋转的灯泡)”。由此可知, Flyte 这项发明能漂浮,故选 C。
30. C 由 HyperAdapt 这项发明中的第二句“Maybe everyone wants the pair of shoes in the movie that can tighten or loosen by themselves.”可知, A 项“可能每个人都想要电影《回到未来》中的那双鞋”正确;由 Little Printer 这项发明中的最后一句“If you want to make your own little newspaper, don't forget to use it”可知, B 项“你可以用 Little Printer 制作你自己的小报纸”正确;由 Flyte 这项发明中的第二句“Flyte has been popular with most people since it came out in January.”可知, Flyte 是在一月份上市的,故 C 项“Flyte 自从在二月份上市以来,受到大多数人的喜爱”错误;由 Morpher 这项发明中的第三句“It is just as strong as traditional helmets, but it can be folded almost completely flat, making it easier to carry.”可知, D 项“Morpher 能被折叠得几乎完全扁平,使得它更容易携带”正确。故本题选 C。
31. will behave 32. have cleaned 33. left 34. reflect
35. drove 36. courage 37. relaxed 38. except 39. electronic
40. friendship
- 语篇解读: 本文主要讲述了本杰明·富兰克林的故事。他是一个爱读书的孩子,从书中他得到了乐趣并找到了解决问题的方法,去帮助需要帮助的人们。
41. name 由破折号后的 Benjamin 可知,此处应填 name(名字)。
42. cleverest 由后句“He could read when he was five and he could write when he was seven.”可知,他是所有孩子中最聪明的,应为最高级,故填 cleverest。
43. school 第三段提及了本杰明在学校的事情,故此处应是“第二年他的父母把他送到学校”。故填 school。

44. books 由上句中“At school Benjamin was good at reading...”和空格所在句中 read 可知,应是“读了他父亲所有的书”。故填 books。
45. always 根据所给单词和上下文可知,他有钱时,总是去买书。故填 always。
46. how 句意:它们(书)告诉他怎样做一些事情。how 意为“怎样”。
47. find 根据空格后的 ways 可知,应是“尽力找到方法来帮助人们更好地享受生活”,find 意为“找到”。
48. swim 根据后文中 swimming shoes 可知,应是“他尽力了解是否有一些游泳游得更远的方法”,故填 swim。
49. mind 由常识,先在脑子中构思然后才能发明,故填 mind。
50. big 此处与空格后的 small 相对应,故填 big。
- 语篇解读: 就保护濒临灭绝动物的问题,学生黄静写了一封信,谈论了自己的看法。
51. B 52. A 53. B
54. animals in danger/protecting animals in danger
55. The giant panda and the Chinese alligator.
- 语篇解读: 你做过奇怪的梦吗? 本文对一部分梦进行了解释。
56. B 57. try to catch 58. winner 59. was locked
60. 然而,记住不同的人有不同的梦,这很重要。
- One possible version:

Let's Protect Our Eyes

More and more students wear glasses now. Why? Because most of them study for a long time without taking a break. And some of them spend too much time watching TV or playing computer games.

As we all know, eyes are very important for us. Here are some ways to protect our eyes. First, we had better not read in the sun. Second, don't play with mobile phones in bed. Third, doing eye exercises is also helpful. What's more, we should go out to look at something green between classes.

In my opinion, it's also important for us to go to bed early. So we'd better pay attention to our eyes right away.

